SAFETY DATA SHEET

GASCÓ Isopropyl Alcohol 70%

Product codes: D13041, D12363, D13044, D13049, D13051, D13039, D13055
Version 3 | Issue date 2026-10-26 | Supersedes Version 2 (2026-10-26)

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product name GASCÓ Isopropyl Alcohol 70%

Other means of identification Isopropyl alcohol 70% solution; 2-Propanol, 70% aqueous solution; GascóClean Isopropyl Alcohol 70%

Product code	Package	Net contents	UPC
D13041	Case of 4 jugs	4 x 1 US gal (3.785 L)	787302130412
D12363	Case of 12 trigger-spray bottles	12 x 32 fl oz (946 mL)	787302123636
D13044	Case of 24 bottles	24 x 16 fl oz (473 mL)	787302130443
D13049	Pail	5 US gal (18.93 L)	787302130498
D13051	Case of 24 trigger-spray bottles	24 x 8 fl oz (237 mL)	787302130511
D13039	Drum	55 US gal (208.2 L)	787302130399
D13055	Tote (intermediate bulk container)	260 US gal (984 L)	787302130559

Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use Cleanses hands and leaves them feeling clean and refreshed. Apply to a cotton pad or clean cloth; with the trigger-spray bottles, spray onto a cotton pad or clean cloth. Use in a well-ventilated area, as directed on the product label. The 55 US gal drum (D13039) and the 260 US gal tote (D13055) are bulk supply for repackaging.

Restrictions on use For external use only. Do not use in or near the eyes or on broken or irritated skin. Stop use if irritation occurs. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Keep out of reach of children.

Manufacturer or supplier

Company Gascó Industrial Corp.
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Mailing address PO Box 1360, Gurabo, PR 00778
Telephone (787) 737-4000
Email orders@gascoindustrial.com
Website www.gascoindustrial.com

Emergency telephone number

Poison Control 1-800-222-1222 (24 hours)

SECTION 2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical

Flammable liquids Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (narcotic effects) Category 3

Label elements



Signal word
Danger

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P102	Keep out of reach of children.		
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.		
P233	Keep container tightly closed.	**P240**	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.		
P242	Use non-sparking tools.	**P243**	Take action to prevent static discharge.
P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray.	**P264**	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	**P280**	Wear eye protection/face protection.

Response

P303+P361+P353	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P304+P340	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. **P337+P313** If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water spray to extinguish.

Storage

P403+P233+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Other hazards

Hazards of chemical reaction products	None known	**Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**	None known
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Vapor is heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant ignition source and flash back. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may dry and crack the skin.		

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance or mixture Mixture

Chemical name	CAS number or other identifier	Concentration (%)	GHS classification
Isopropyl alcohol Synonym: 2-Propanol	67-63-0	62.8 (w/w)	Flammable liquids, Category 2 (H225); Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A (H319); Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (narcotic effects), Category 3 (H336)
Water	7732-18-5	Balance	Not classified

Isopropyl alcohol (isopropanol) at 62.8% w/w is equivalent to 70% v/v at 20 °C (68 °F). Water makes up the balance.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation	Remove the person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Call Poison Control at 1-800-222-1222 or a doctor if the person feels unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Keep contaminated clothing away from ignition sources and wash it before reuse.
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or drowsy person. Call Poison Control at 1-800-222-1222 or a doctor immediately.
Most important symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Eyes: redness, tearing, pain and swelling of the conjunctiva. Inhalation: irritation of the nose and throat, headache, drowsiness and dizziness; high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression and loss of consciousness. Ingestion: nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and drowsiness; large amounts may cause coma. Skin: dryness and cracking after prolonged or repeated contact.

Delayed: none known.

Immediate medical attention and special treatment Treat symptomatically and supportively. After ingestion of large amounts, monitor breathing, blood pressure and level of consciousness. Isopropyl alcohol is metabolized to acetone.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water spray. Use water spray or fog to cool exposed containers.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a solid water stream; it may scatter and spread the burning liquid. Foams that are not alcohol-resistant may be ineffective.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor is heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant ignition source and flash back. Vapor can form explosive mixtures with air indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Containers may rupture or explode when heated. Runoff to sewers may create a fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective fire-fighting gear. Cool containers exposed to fire with water spray from a safe distance and continue after the fire is out. Contain runoff from fire control.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames). Ventilate the area. Keep unprotected personnel away and stay upwind. Avoid contact with eyes and avoid breathing vapor. Wear the protective equipment listed in Section 8.

Environmental precautions Prevent entry into drains, sewers, basements and waterways. Notify the authorities if the product reaches sewers or waterways, as required by applicable regulations.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Stop the leak if it can be done without risk. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and place in closed containers for disposal. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Wipe up small spills with an absorbent cloth or pad, let the area air out and keep the used cloths away from ignition sources until disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes and avoid breathing vapor. For use on hands, follow the directions on the product label: for external use only; do not use in or near the eyes or on broken or irritated skin. When transferring the product between containers, ground and bond containers and receiving equipment, take action to prevent static discharge and use non-sparking tools. Do not eat, drink or smoke in work areas. Empty containers retain residue and vapor: do not cut, puncture, weld or burn them.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store at 15 to 30 °C (59 to 86 °F), as directed on the product label, in a cool, well-ventilated area away from heat, ignition sources and direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Store locked up and out of reach of children. In the workplace, store in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.106 (Category 2 flammable liquid), NFPA 30 (Class IB flammable liquid) and local fire codes. Keep away from strong oxidizing agents (such as bleach), acids and the other incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits

Component	CAS number	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL	IDLH
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	400 ppm (980 mg/m³) TWA	200 ppm (492 mg/m³) TWA; 400 ppm (983 mg/m³) STEL; A4 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen)	400 ppm (980 mg/m³) TWA; 500 ppm (1,225 mg/m³) STEL	2,000 ppm

Components without established occupational exposure limits: Water.

Exposure controls and personal protective equipment

Biological limit value ACGIH BEI for isopropyl alcohol: acetone in urine, 40 mg/L, sampled at the end of the shift at the end of the workweek.

Engineering controls General ventilation is adequate for use as directed on the product label. Where the product is dispensed or transferred in quantity, use local exhaust ventilation and explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment, and ground and bond the transfer equipment. Provide an eyewash

	station where the product is handled in quantity.
Eye and face protection	Avoid contact with the eyes. Wear chemical splash goggles when pouring, filling or transferring the product. Add a face shield where splashing is likely.
Hand protection	Not required for use on the hands as directed on the product label. When handling the product in quantity or for prolonged contact, wear chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. Confirm breakthrough time with the glove manufacturer for the conditions of use.
Body protection	No special protective clothing is required for use as directed. When handling the product in quantity, use antistatic footwear and clothing where flammable vapor may be present.
Respiratory protection	Not normally required with adequate ventilation. If the exposure limits may be exceeded, use a NIOSH-approved respirator with organic vapor cartridges within its assigned protection factor. Above 2,000 ppm or at unknown concentrations, use a positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134.
General hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling the product. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. After handling the product in quantity, wash hands with soap and water.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Liquid	**Color**	Clear, colorless
Odor	Alcohol-like	**Odor threshold**	Isopropyl alcohol: 22 ppm
Melting point/freezing point	Approx. -29 °C (-20 °F)	**Initial boiling point and boiling range**	Approx. 81 °C (178 °F), rising toward 100 °C (212 °F) as the isopropyl alcohol boils off
Flammability	Highly flammable liquid and vapor	**Flammability limits in air**	Isopropyl alcohol: lower 2.0% by volume; upper 12.7% by volume at 93 °C (200 °F)
Flash point	18 °C (64 °F), closed cup	**Auto-ignition temperature**	Isopropyl alcohol: 399 °C (750 °F)
Decomposition temperature	No data available	**pH**	Approx. 8 (undiluted)
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	**Solubility in water**	Completely miscible
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Isopropyl alcohol: log Kow 0.05	**Vapor pressure**	Approx. 4.6 kPa (35 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F)
Evaporation rate	Isopropyl alcohol: 1.5 (n-butyl acetate = 1)	**Density**	Approx. 0.876 g/cm³ (7.31 lb/US gal) at 20 °C (68 °F)
Relative density (water = 1)	Approx. 0.877 at 20 °C (68 °F)	**Relative vapor density (air = 1)**	Isopropyl alcohol: 2.1
Particle characteristics	Not applicable		

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	No hazardous reactions are known under normal conditions of storage and use.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts vigorously with strong oxidizing agents. Vapor can form explosive mixtures with air. On prolonged contact with air, may form peroxides that can concentrate to hazardous levels during distillation or evaporation to dryness. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, sparks, open flames, static discharge and other ignition sources. Storage above 30 °C (86 °F).
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents, acids, acid anhydrides, halogens such as chlorine, acetaldehyde, ethylene oxide, isocyanates and aluminum.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide when burned. None expected under normal conditions of storage and use.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely routes of exposure	Inhalation, eye contact, skin contact and ingestion.
Symptoms	Eyes: redness, tearing, pain and swelling of the conjunctiva. Inhalation: irritation of the nose and throat, headache, drowsiness and dizziness; high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression and loss of consciousness. Ingestion: nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and drowsiness; large amounts may cause coma. Skin: dryness and cracking after prolonged or repeated contact.
Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects	Immediate: eye irritation, drowsiness and dizziness. Delayed: none known. Chronic: prolonged or repeated skin contact may dry and crack the skin.
Acute toxicity	Not classified

Acute toxicity estimates (ATE)	Not applicable. Isopropyl alcohol does not fall into any acute toxicity category, so no acute toxicity estimate is given for the product.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A. Causes serious eye irritation. In rabbit tests, 70% isopropyl alcohol was moderately to substantially irritating; the effects cleared within 7 to 14 days.

Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not classified	**Germ cell mutagenicity**	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	Not classified. Isopropyl alcohol is not listed as a carcinogen by NTP or OSHA. IARC: Group 3 (not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans). ACGIH: A4.		
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified		
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 (narcotic effects). May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Target organ: central nervous system.		
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Not classified	**Aspiration hazard**	Not classified
Interactive effects	Isopropyl alcohol, through its metabolite acetone, can increase the liver toxicity of carbon tetrachloride.		

Component data: Isopropyl alcohol

LD50 oral, rat	5,045 mg/kg	**LD50 dermal, rabbit**	12,800 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation (vapor), rat, 4 h	72.6 mg/L	**Skin irritation, rabbit**	Not irritating
Skin sensitization, guinea pig	Not sensitizing		
Mutagenicity	Negative (bacterial, mammalian cell and mouse micronucleus tests)		

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component data: Isopropyl alcohol

LC50 fish, 96 h	9,640 mg/L (Pimephales promelas)	**EC50 daphnia, 48 h**	13,299 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
NOEC daphnia, 21 days	30 mg/L (Daphnia magna)		
EC50 algae, 72 h	Greater than 1,000 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus)		
Toxicity threshold, 16 h	1,050 mg/L (Pseudomonas putida)		

Persistence, bioaccumulation, mobility and other effects

Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable. Isopropyl alcohol: 72 to 78% in 20 days. Does not hydrolyze. In air, isopropyl alcohol is degraded by hydroxyl radicals, with a half-life of approx. 10 to 25 hours.
Bioaccumulative potential	Low. Isopropyl alcohol: log Kow 0.05; bioconcentration factor approx. 1.
Mobility in soil	Very high. Isopropyl alcohol: log Koc approx. 0.03. Completely miscible with water and may leach to groundwater; evaporates readily from soil and water surfaces.
Other adverse effects	Not classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment. Isopropyl alcohol is a volatile organic compound (VOC) that can contribute to ground-level ozone formation.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Do not discharge to sewers, drains or waterways. Send waste to a permitted hazardous waste treatment, fuel blending or incineration facility.
RCRA waste code	D001 (ignitable waste) when discarded, because the flash point is below 60 °C (140 °F). The exclusion in 40 CFR 261.21(a)(1) for aqueous solutions containing less than 24% alcohol by volume and at least 50% water by weight does not apply.
Contaminated packaging	Empty bottles, jugs and pails retain residue and vapor. Keep them closed and away from heat and ignition sources, and do not cut, puncture or burn them. Do not reuse or refill them. Dispose of them in accordance with local regulations. Empty totes and drums retain residue and vapor and can be dangerous: keep them closed and away from ignition sources, do not cut, weld, drill or grind on or near them, and send them to a licensed container reconditioner or dispose of them in accordance with applicable regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT (US ground)	**IMDG (sea)**	**IATA (air)**
UN number	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219
UN proper shipping name	Isopropanol solution	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL) SOLUTION	Isopropanol solution

	DOT (US ground)	IMDG (sea)	IATA (air)
Transport hazard class	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Hazard labels	Flammable liquid	Flammable liquid	Flammable liquid
EmS	Not applicable	F-E, S-D	Not applicable
Marine pollutant	No	No	Not applicable
Notes	Not listed as a DOT hazardous substance (no reportable quantity). The 32 fl oz and 16 fl oz cases may ship as limited quantities; the 1 US gal case may not. See the package rows below.	Stowage category B. Limited quantity: inner packagings of 1 L or less, up to 30 kg gross per package; the 32 fl oz and 16 fl oz cases qualify, the 1 US gal case does not.	ICAO emergency response drill code 3L. See the air transport row below.

Emergency response guide ERG Guide 129

Transport in bulk according to MARPOL Annex II Not applicable (shipped in packages, drums and intermediate bulk containers, not in ship tanks)

Packages D13041: case of 4 plastic jugs of 1 US gal (3.785 L), about 29 lb (13.3 kg) of product per case. D12363: case of 12 plastic trigger-spray bottles of 32 fl oz (946 mL). D13044: case of 24 plastic bottles of 16 fl oz (473 mL). The D12363 and D13044 cases each hold about 22 lb (9.9 kg) of product. D13051: case of 24 plastic trigger-spray bottles of 8 fl oz (237 mL), about 11 lb (5.0 kg) of product per case. D13049: plastic pail of 5 US gal (18.93 L), about 37 lb (16.6 kg) of product. D13039: drum of 55 US gal (208.2 L), about 402 lb (182 kg) of product. D13055: tote (intermediate bulk container) of 260 US gal (984 L), about 1,900 lb (862 kg) of product.

4 x 1 US gal case and 5 US gal pail (D13041, D13049) Limited quantity provisions do not apply: the 1 US gal (3.785 L) jugs and the 5 US gal (18.93 L) pail exceed the 1 L inner packaging limit for packing group II (49 CFR 173.150(b)). Ship fully regulated in UN specification packaging for packing group II liquids (49 CFR 173.202), combination packaging for the jugs and a single packaging for the pail, marked with the proper shipping name, UN1219 and, on the case, orientation arrows, with the Flammable liquid label and a shipping paper with emergency response information and an emergency response telephone number monitored 24 hours a day (49 CFR 172.602, 172.604). Placard Flammable at 454 kg (1,001 lb) or more aggregate gross weight.

55 US gal drum and 260 US gal tote (D13039, D13055) The 260 US gal (984 L) tote is a bulk packaging (intermediate bulk container): mark the identification number 1219 on two opposing sides and placard it, or label it where 49 CFR 172.514(c) allows. A vehicle carrying the tote must display Flammable placards for any quantity (49 CFR 172.504). The 55 US gal (208.2 L) drum is a non-bulk packaging: mark it with the proper shipping name and UN1219 and apply the Flammable liquid label.

12 x 32 fl oz, 24 x 16 fl oz and 24 x 8 fl oz cases (D12363, D13044, D13051) May ship as limited quantities by highway or rail (49 CFR 173.150(b)): inner packagings of 1 L or less in a strong outer packaging, not over 30 kg (66 lb) gross per package, marked with the limited quantity mark (49 CFR 172.315). Hazard labels, placards and shipping papers are not required by highway or rail.

Air transport (IATA) UN specification packaging is required: up to 5 L per package on passenger aircraft and 60 L on cargo aircraft only, so the 5 US gal (18.93 L) pail may go on cargo aircraft only, and the 55 US gal drum and the 260 US gal tote are not for air transport. As a limited quantity, 1 L per package; each case exceeds this. The 24 x 16 fl oz case may instead ship as ID8000, Consumer commodity (49 CFR 173.167), if its bottles meet the pressure differential requirement of 49 CFR 173.27(c). The D12363 and D13051 trigger-spray cases are not for air transport as packed: by air, the bottles need closures that meet 49 CFR 173.27(c) and (d) (95 kPa pressure differential, secured closures) and UN specification packaging, cargo aircraft only (each case exceeds the 5 L passenger-aircraft limit).

Special precautions for user Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Keep cases, pails and drums upright and containers closed; turn trigger-spray nozzles to the closed position before shipping. Ground and bond drums, totes and equipment during loading and unloading.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA hazard communication This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA inventory Isopropyl alcohol and water are listed as active on the TSCA Inventory.

SARA 302 extremely hazardous substances Not listed

SARA 311/312 hazard categories Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids or solids); serious eye damage or eye irritation; specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure).

SARA 313 toxic chemicals Isopropyl alcohol is listed in 40 CFR 372.65 only for facilities that manufacture it by the strong acid process. This product is not subject to the supplier notification requirements of 40 CFR 372.

CERCLA reportable quantity Not listed (no reportable quantity)

New Jersey right-to-know	Isopropyl alcohol is listed (substance number 1076) and is on the Special Health Hazard Substance List.
Pennsylvania right-to-know	Isopropyl alcohol is listed (environmental hazard).
Massachusetts right-to-know	Isopropyl alcohol is listed.
California Proposition 65	No ingredient listed in Section 3 is on the Proposition 65 list.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	2026-10-26	**Version**	3
Date of first issue	2026-10-16	**Supersedes**	Version 2 (2026-10-26)

Hazard ratings

NFPA 704



HMIS

Health	2
Flammability	3
Physical hazard	0

NFPA 704 ratings run from 0 (minimal hazard) to 4 (severe hazard). HMIS rating scale: 0 minimal, 1 slight, 2 moderate, 3 serious, 4 severe. Personal protection: see Section 8.

NFPA 704 and HMIS ratings are provided for reference only and are not part of the GHS classification.

Disclaimer

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate as of the issue date and is given in good faith as a guide to safe handling, use, storage, transport and disposal. It is not a product specification and no warranty, express or implied, is made. Users must determine the suitability of the product for their own purposes and comply with all applicable laws and regulations. Gascó Industrial Corp. accepts no liability for loss or damage resulting from the use of this information or of the product.

Document control

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Revision history

Version	Date	Summary of changes
3	2026-10-26	Full revision: all sections reviewed and updated.
2	2026-10-25	Previous edition.
1	2026-10-16	First issue.

Review and approval

Role	Name	Title	Signature	Date
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Reviewed by	Dan N. Bigman-Montalvo	CEO, Gascó Industrial Corp.		
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Prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

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